HAND PROTECTION

-88 87 2

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT



GENERAL HANDLING



performance > Anatomically engineered for a comfortable fit > Excellent grip in damp, oily and dry conditions > EN388: 2003 4131 7/S 8/M 9/L 10/XL 11/XXL SKY49 1 2 3 4 **SKYTEC** NINJA LITE POLYURETHANE COATING SKYTEC NYLON/LYCRA LINER > Lightweight (18 gauge) and close fitting for excellent dexterity > Superfine breathable liner > Maximum flexibility and movement for the most intricate of tasks > EN388: 2003 4131 7/S 8/M 9/L 10/XL 11/XXL SKY12 **SKYTEC TONS TN1** ASCITU NITRILE COATING • POLYESTER LINER > Water resistant nitrile palm coating > Coating resists snags and abrasion > Flexible and close-fitting design > EN388: 2003 4121 7/S 8/M 9/L 10/XL 11/XXL TN

SKYTEC

NITRILE FOAM COATING •

breathability, comfort and

NYLON/SPANDEX LINER

> 3D Moisturevap - total

A SKYTE

ARIA[™]

BETA 1 NITRILE FOAM COATING

NYLON/SPANDEX LINER

- > 18 gauge seamless liner enhances comfort and dexterity
- > Excellent resistance to abrasion
- > EN388: 2003 4121

SKYTEC XERI

ARTIFICIAL LEATHER, SPANDEX, NEOPRENE AND LYCRA

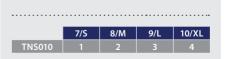
- > Thumb, index finger and middle finger open
- > Reinforced patches on the palm
- > Velcro wrist fastening
- > EN388: 2003 4231

SKY390

SKYTEC TONS TF1

NITRILE FOAM COATING • NYLON/LYCRA LINER

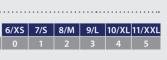
- > Nitrile foam palm coating grips in dry, damp and light oily conditions
- > Flexible and close-fitting design
- > FN388: 2003 4121





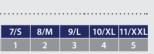
GENERAL HANDLING

















CUT PROTECTION



Kevlar® is a registered trademark of E.I.du Pont de Nemours and Company

A range of cut-resistant impact protection gloves are shown on pages 10-11

CUT PROTECTION



layer is foam nitrile providing a secure grip

	••••	
/M	9/L	10/XL
2	3	4











CHEMICAL PROTECTION



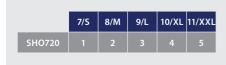
	SH	ll CWA			
	771				
		E COATING N LINER	5.		
		h surface e nd durabil		8532a	-
		acterial an r treatmen			
	> Scalloped edge				
	> Thickness: 0.5mm				114
	> Length: 300mm (771) 650mm (772)				a. I
ł	> EN388: 2003 4111 (Long slee			772 Long sleeve version)	
	> EN374	4-1:2003 J	KL		version
XL			8/M	9/L	10/XL
	771	SH0771			
	772	SH0772	2		4

747



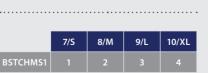
NITRILE COATING NYLON/POLYESTER LINER

- > Fine and supple
- > Exceptional durability, flexibility, dexterity and comfort
- > Antibacterial and anti-odour treatment
- > Seamless for optimum comfort
- Scalloped edge
- > Thickness: 1.1 mm
- > Length: 300mm
- > EN388: 2003 3132
- > EN374-1: 2003 JKL

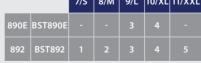




- > Wet substances dispersed
- efficiently from palm
- > Wear indicator overdip
- > Impermeable
- > Glove size embossed on each hand
- > Thickness: 0.66 mm
- > Length: 300mm
- > EN388: 2003 2021
- > EN374-1: 2003









- > Rough surface enhances grip and durability
- > Lengths available: 300/340/360mm
- > EN388: 2016 4121 EN374-1: 2003 JKL



SKYTEC NERO[®]

NATURAL LATEX COATING • COTTON FLOCK LINER

- > Chlorinated to result in a durable, smooth and flexible finish
- > Textured pattern grip to palm provides grip in wet and dry handling conditions
- > Grip pattern efficiently disperses moisture from the palm
- > Smooth cotton flock lining absorbs perspiration
- > EN388: 2003 2020 EN374-1: 2003 ABKL

	7/S	8/M	9/L	10/XL
SKY87	1	2	3	4

CHEMICAL PROTECTION



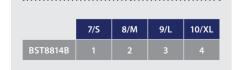




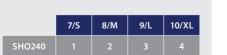
- > Slip-on design gauntlet

to 260°C

- > Textured finish provides excellent grip
- > Dark colour hides charring
- > Approved for food handling
- > EN388: 2003 3232
- > EN407: 2004 X2XXXX

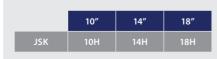


- > Level 5 cut resistance (EN 388:2003)
- > 13 gauge knitted liner containing Keylar®,
- Modacrylic and Fibreglass > Flat dipped sponge neoprene coating
- > Inherently flame resistant
- > Arc flash level 2
- > EN388: 2003 3531
- > EN407: 2004 42212X



VEVADA'

- > Thumbhole prevents slipping and exposure of the wrist or arm
- > Gives increased protection from cuts, slash, tear and certain punctures
- > EN388: 2003 1334
- > EN407: 2004 413212



> Secure grip > Excellent dexterity, flexibility and durability

> Double insulated and soft lining

- > Encapsulated air molecules provide an inherent cushioning effect
- > Silicone free
- > EN388: 2003 3232
- > EN511: 2006 020

	7/S	8/M	9/L	10/XL
SKY08	1	2	3	4

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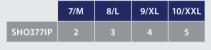
Kevlar® is a registered trademark of E.I.du Pont de Nemours and Company

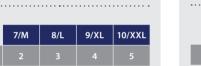
COLD PROTECTION

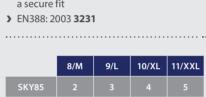


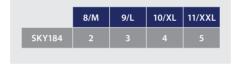
IMPACT PROTECTION











SKYTEC

TORO RED^{TT}

THERMO PLASTIC RUBBER INJECTED **ON POLYCOTTON AND SPANDEX,** SYNTHETIC LEATHER PALM COATING • HPPE, NYLON AND GLASS LINER • **NEOPRENE CUFF**

> Level F cut resistance (EN388: 2016)

- > Flexible shields provide full back-of-hand protection from the fingertips to the knuckles and metacarpals
- > Anti-slip palm coatings for enhanced grip
- > Oil and water resistant
- > Long cuff allows the glove to be pulled on with ease whilst helping prevent debris from entering the glove
- > EN388: 2016 4X43FP
- > EN407: 2004 X2XXXX

	8/M	9/L	10/XL	11/XXL
SKY92	2	3	4	5

SKYTEC

TORQ BLACK^{TT}

THERMO PLASTIC RUBBER INJECTED ON POLYCOTTON AND SPANDEX, PU AND SUEDE PALM COATING • NYLON AND **GLASS LINER • NEOPRENE CUFF**

> Level E cut resistance (EN388: 2016)

- > Flexible shields provide full back-of-hand protection from the fingertips to the knuckles and metacarpals
- > Anti-slip palm coatings for enhanced grip
- > Oil and water resistant
- > Long cuff allows the glove to be pulled on with ease whilst helping prevent debris from entering the glove
- > EN388: 2016 4X44EPEN407: 2004 X2XXXX

	8/M	9/L	10/XL	11/XXL
SKY93	2			





RUBBER, KEVLAR®



- fug deeg > Level 3 cut resistance (EN388: 2003)
- > Direct injection Thermo Plastic Rubber is glued, thermo welded and Kevlar® stitched to withstand the harshest of environments
- > SkidX Grip[™] provides excellent resistance to oil, water and petrochemicals and heightened gripping power for wet, oily or drv surfaces
- > Reinforced with an extra layer of SkidX Grip[™] between thumb and forefinger

8/M 9/L 10/XL 11/XXL

- > Long-cuff design bolsters protection, comfort and 'tear-away' ability
- > EN388: 2003 4342



CESTUS

DEEP II

THERMO PLASTIC

POLYESTER LINER

(FN388: 2003)

added durability

drv surfaces

> Level 3 cut resistance

GRIP[™]

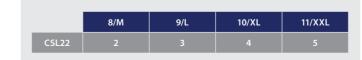
NYLON AND

CESTUS

TREMBLEX[®]

SILICONE SURFACE, NEOPRENE POLYCHLOROPRENE, TERRY CLOTH

- > Hexagonal Memory Gel® absorbs vibrations from tools and equipment
- > Silicone palm grip surface creates strong grip control on palm, and adds dexterity
- > Form-fitting spandex adds breathability
- > Knuckle padding
- > Terry cloth back on thumb absorbs sweat from brow or hand
- > FN388: 2003 2121



Kevlar® is a registered trademark of E.I.du Pont de Nemours and Company



IMPACT PROTECTION



RUBBER, PU, KEVLAR,

- > Single-piece 3D Thermo Plastic Rubber > Double Keylar[®] thread palm stitching for
- SkidX Grip[™] provides excellent resistance to oil, water and petrochemicals and heightened gripping power for wet, oily or
- > Extra layer of Kevlar[®] in the thumb crotch

9/L	10/XL	11/XXL





THERMO PLASTIC RUBBER, PU, KEVLAR, NYLON AND POLYESTER LINER

- > Level 5 cut resistance (FN388-2003)
- > Direct injection Thermo Plastic Rubber is glued, thermo welded and Kevlar[®] stitched to withstand the harshest of environments

STURES

- > SkidX Grip[™] provides excellent resistance to oil, water and petro chemicals and heightened gripping power for wet, oily or dry surfaces
- > EN388: 2003 4543

	8/M	9/L	10/XL	11/XXL
CSL11	2	3	4	5



STANDARD EN 374: 2003

Gloves giving protection from chemicals and micro-organisms

SCOPE:

This standard specifies the capability of gloves to protect the user against chemicals and/or micro-organisms.

DEFINITIONS:

Penetration - The movement of a chemical and/or micro-organism through porous materials, seam, pinholes or other imperfections in a protective glove material at a nonmolecular level

Permeation - The rubber and plastic films in gloves do not always act as barriers to liquids. Sometimes they can act as sponges, soaking up the liquids and holding them against the skin. It is therefore necessary to measure breakthrough times, or the time taken for the hazardous liquid to come in contact with the skin.

REQUIREMENTS

- The minimum liquid proof section of the glove shall be at least equal to the minimum length of the glove specified in EN 420.
- Penetration: A glove shall not leak when tested to an air and/or water leak test, and shall be tested and inspected in compliance with the Acceptable Quality Level.

The 'Chemical resistant'
glove pictogram must be
accompanied by a 3-digit
code.

This code refers to 3 chemicals (from a list of 12 standard defined chemicals) for which a breakthrough time of at least 30 minutes has been obtained.

Code	Chemical
А	Methanol
В	Acetone
С	Acetonitrile
D	Dichloromethane
E	Carbone disulphide
	Toluene
G	Diethylamine
Н	Tetrahydrofurane
	Ethyl acetate
	N-Heptane
K	Sodium hydroxide 40%
L	Sulphuric acid 96%

The 'Low Chemical resistant' or 'Waterproof' glove pictogram is to be used for those gloves that do not achieve a breakthrough time of at least 30 minutes against at least three chemicals from the defined list, but which comply with the Penetration test.



B

The 'Micro-organism' pictogram is to be used when the glove conforms to at least a performance level 2 for the Penetration test.

Warning: The chemical data information does not necessarily reflect the actual duration in the workplace.

EN 511 Cold-related risks

- Tested levels of glove performance in terms of the following risks:
- Climatic or industrial cold transmitted by convection (0 to 4).
- Climatic or industrial cold transmitted by contact (0 to 4).

Impermeability to water (0 or 1)

GLOBUS EMEA

If the glove shows this symbol, it has achieved a performance index for (from left to right) climatic cold or industrial cold transmitted by convection, climatic cold or industrial cold transmitted by contact, impermeability to water.

"0" means that during the test level 1 was not reached.

EN 388: 2003 Mechanical risks

This standard applies to all kinds of protective gloves in respect of physical and mechanical aggressions caused by abrasion, blade cut, puncture and tearing. Protection against mechanical hazards is expressed by a pictogram followed by four numbers (performance



abcd

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abcdef

levels), each representing test performance against a specific hazard. a) **RESISTANCE TO ABRASION** Based on the number of cycles required to abrade through the sample given.

b) BLADE CUT RESISTANCE Based on the number of cycles required to cut through the sample at a constant speed.

c) TEAR RESISTANCE Based on the amount of force required to tear the sample.

d) PUNCTURE RESISTANCE Based on the amount of force required to pierce the sample with a standard sized point.

EN 388: 2016 Mechanical risks

REVISION OF EN 388: 2003

The EN 388 standard underwent revision in 2016. Our gloves are in the process of being recertified by the notified bodies to conform to the revised standard. Currently reported ISO 13997 cut resistance values are indications until officially certified. In the meantime the existing certificates according to EN 388: 2003 remain valid.

a) ABRASION RESISTANCE (0-4)

Number of cycles required to abrade a hole using abrasive paper in a circular sample of glove material under constant pressure and motion.

constant speed and low force of 5 newton (approx. 510g). For materials that dull the blade, after a certain number of cycles without cut through, the ISO 13997 test is performed and becomes the reference cut resistance value.

incision, to a maximum force of 75N (approx. 7,6kg).

d) PUNCTURE RESISTANCE (0-4)

10 cm/min.

e) BLADE CUT RESISTANCE BY ISO TEST (A-F)

a specified cut test machine such as Tomodynamometer (TDM). This test is optional unless the blade in Coup test becomes dull, whereupon it becomes the reference for cut resistance

f) IMPACT RESISTANCE (P)

of protection upon an impact of a domed anvil at an impact energy of 5 joules. Testing is carried out in accordance with the impact protection test for motorcycle protective gloves of EN 13594:2015 standard. A letter "P" is added on successful pass, while a fail remains unmarked. Level X can also be applied for a - f above, which means "not tested".

EN 407 Heat-related risks

Tested levels of glove performance in terms of the following risks:

- Resistance to flammability (0 to 4)
- Resistance to contact heat (0 to 4)
- Resistance to convective heat (0 to 3)
- Resistance to radiant heat (0 to 4)
- Resistance to small splashes of molten metal (0 or 1)
- Resistance to large splashes of molten metal (0 or 1)
- "0" means that during the test level 1 was not reached.

"X" means that the test was not performed or not possible.

"X" means that the test was not performed or not possible.





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b) BLADE CUT RESISTANCE BY COUP TEST (0-5)

Number of cycles required to cut a sample using a stainless steel circular blade under

c) TEAR RESISTANCE (0-4)

Force required to propagate a tear in a rectangular sample of a glove with a starting

Force required to puncture the sample with a standard size steel point at a constant speed of

Force in newton (N) required to cut through a sample using a rectangular blade in

For protective gloves claiming impact resistance. Measures dissipation of force by the area